

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

# Associative Property of Multiplication

Use the associative property to fill the missing values.

1)  $(2 \times 3) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 4 \times (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 2)$       2)  $(\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 8) \times 6 = (9 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) \times 8$

3)  $(2 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) \times 4 = (9 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) \times 2$       4)  $3 \times (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 5) = (5 \times 2) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

5)  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times (5 \times 6) = 6 \times (3 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}})$       6)  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times (5 \times 7) = (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 4) \times 7$

7)  $4 \times (8 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) = 8 \times (3 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}})$       8)  $(2 \times 7) \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 1 \times (\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 7)$

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Use the associative property to fill the missing values.

1)  $(2 \times 3) \times \underline{4} = 4 \times (\underline{3} \times 2)$       2)  $(\underline{9} \times 8) \times 6 = (9 \times \underline{6}) \times 8$

3)  $(2 \times \underline{9}) \times 4 = (9 \times \underline{4}) \times 2$       4)  $3 \times (\underline{2} \times 5) = (5 \times 2) \times \underline{3}$

5)  $\underline{3} \times (5 \times 6) = 6 \times (3 \times \underline{5})$       6)  $\underline{4} \times (5 \times 7) = (\underline{5} \times 4) \times 7$

7)  $4 \times (8 \times \underline{3}) = 8 \times (3 \times \underline{4})$       8)  $(2 \times 7) \times \underline{1} = 1 \times (\underline{2} \times 7)$